Pt. 168

the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act as amended.

[42 FR 14478, Mar. 15, 1977, as amended at 47 FR 11834, Mar. 19, 1982; 48 FR 13024, Mar. 29, 1983; 49 FR 10103, Mar. 19, 1984; 54 FR 24896, June 12, 1989; 58 FR 2886, Jan. 6, 1993; 58 FR 21649, Apr. 23, 1993; 59 FR 26939, May 25, 1994; 63 FR 14035, Mar. 24, 1998]

PART 168—SWEETENERS AND TABLE SIRUPS

Subpart A [Reserved]

Subpart B—Requirements for Specific Standardized Sweeteners and Table Sirups

Sec

- 168.110 Dextrose anhydrous.
- 168.111 Dextrose monohydrate.
- 168.120 Glucose sirup.
- 168.121 Dried glucose sirup.
- 168.122 Lactose.
- 168.130 Cane sirup.
- 168.140 Maple sirup.
- 168.160 Sorghum sirup.
- 168.180 Table sirup.

AUTHORITY: 21 U.S.C. 321, 341, 343, 348, 371, 379e.

SOURCE: 42 FR 14479, Mar. 15, 1977, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A [Reserved]

Subpart B—Requirements for Specific Standardized Sweeteners and Table Sirups

§ 168.110 Dextrose anhydrous.

- (a) Dextrose anhydrous is purified and crystallized D-glucose without water of crystallization and conforms to the specifications of §168.111, except that the total solids content is not less than 98.0 percent m/m.
- (b) The name of the food is "Dextrose anhydrous" or "Anhydrous dextrose" or alternatively, "_____ sugar anhydrous" or "Anhydrous sugar", with the blank to be filled with the name of the food source, for example, "Corn sugar anhydrous".

 $[42\ {\rm FR}\ 14479,\ {\rm Mar.}\ 15,\ 1977,\ {\rm as\ amended}\ {\rm at}\ 58\ {\rm FR}\ 2886,\ {\rm Jan.}\ 6,\ 1993]$

§ 168.111 Dextrose monohydrate.

(a) Dextrose monohydrate is purified and crystallized D-glucose containing

one molecule of water of crystallization with each molecule of D-glucose.

- (b) The food shall meet the following specifications:
- (1) The total solids content is not less than 90.0 percent mass/mass (m/m), and the reducing sugar content (dextrose equivalent), expressed as D-glucose, is not less than 99.5 percent m/m calculated on a dry basis.
- (2) The sulfated ash content is not more than 0.25 percent m/m (calculated on a dry basis), and the sulfur dioxide content is not more than 20 mg/kg.
- (c) The name of the food is "Dextrose monohydrate" or "Dextrose" or alternatively, "____ sugar monohydrate" or "___ sugar", with the blank to be filled with the name of the food source, for example, "Corn sugar monohydrate" or "Corn sugar".
- (d) For purposes of this section, the methods of analysis to be used to determine if the food meets the specifications of paragraph (b) (1) and (2) of this section are the following sections in "Official Methods of Analysis of the Association of Official Analytical Chemists," 13th Ed. (1980), which is incorporated by reference. Copies may be obtained from the Association of Official Analytical Chemists International, 481 North Frederick Ave., suite 500, Gaithersburg, MD 20877-2504, or may be examined at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030, or http://www.archives.gov/ to: federal register/

code_of_federal_regulations/ibr_locations.html.

- $(\overline{1})$ Total solids content, 31.005.
- (2) Reducing sugar content, section 31.220(a).
- (3) Sulfated ash content, section 31.216.
- (4) Sulfur dioxide content, sections 20.106-20.111.

[42 FR 14479, Mar. 15, 1977, as amended at 47 FR 11834, Mar. 19, 1982; 49 FR 10103, Mar. 19, 1984; 54 FR 24896, June 12, 1989; 58 FR 2886, Jan. 6, 1993; 63 FR 14035, Mar. 24, 1998]

§ 168.120 Glucose sirup.

(a) Glucose sirup is the purified, concentrated, aqueous solution of nutritive saccharides obtained from edible starch.